ACC - Docket Control - Received 12/4/2020 12:06 PM ACC - Docket Control - Docketed 12/4/2020 1:10 PM



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8	BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORE	PORATION COMMISSION
9	ROBERT "BOB" BURNS, Chairman	
	BOYD DUNN SANDRA D. KENNEDY	
10	JUSTIN OLSON	
11	LEA MÁRQUEZ PETERSON	
12	IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION	Docket No. E-01345A-19-0236
13	OF ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY	
14	FOR A HEARING TO DETERMINE THE	NOTICE OF FILING
14	FAIR VALUE OF THE UTILITY PROPERTY OF THE COMPANY FOR RATEMAKING	SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF
15	PURPOSES, TO FIX A JUST AND	NICOLE HORSEHERDER ON
16	REASONABLE RATE OF RETURN	BEHALF OF SAN JUAN CITIZENS
17	THEREON, TO APPROVE RATE	ALLIANCE, TÓ NIZHONÍ ÁNÍ, AND DINÉ CARE
17	SCHEDULES DESIGNED TO DEVELOP	AND DINE CARE
18	SUCH RETURN.	
19	,	
20	San Juan Citizens Alliance, Tó Nizhoní Ái	ní, and Diné CARE (collectively "Citizen
21	Groups") hereby provide notice that they have thi	s day filed the attached Surrebuttal
22	Testimony of Nicole Horseherder.	
23		
24		
25		
26		

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 4th day of December, 2020. ARIZONA CENTER FOR LAW IN THE **PUBLIC INTEREST** Timothy M. Hogan Jennifer B. Anderson 352 E. Camelback Road, Suite 200 Phoenix, AZ 85012 Attorneys for San Juan Citizens Alliance, Tó Nizhoní Ání, and Diné CARE ORIGINAL of the foregoing electronically filed and 8 copies delivered this 4th day of December, 2020 with: **Docket Control** Arizona Corporation Commission 1200 W. Washington St. Phoenix, AZ 85007 COPIES of the foregoing mailed/emailed this 4th day of December, 2020 to the persons identified on the attached service list, consisting of three pages.

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9	BOYD W. DUNN
10	SANDRA D. KENNEDY JUSTIN OLSON
	LEA MÁRQUEZ PETERSON
11	
12	IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION Docket No. E-01345A-19-0236 OF ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE
13	COMPANY FOR A HEARING TO
14	DETERMINE THE FAIR VALUE OF THE UTILITY VALUE OF THE COMPANY
15	FOR RATEMAKING PURPOSES, TO FIX A JUST AND REASONABLE RATE OF
16	RETURN THEREON, AND TO APPROVE
	RATE SCHEDULES DESIGNED TO DEVELOP SUCH RETURN.
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19	CURREDUCEAL TECTIMONY OF MICOLE HORSEHERRED
20	SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF NICOLE HORSEHERDER
21	ON BEHALF OF SAN JUAN CITIZENS ALLIANCE, TÓ NIZHÓNÍ ÁNÍ,
22	AND DINÉ CARE ("CITIZEN GROUPS")
23	December 4, 2020
24	
25	
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RREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF NICOLE HORSEHERDER, CITIZEN GROU
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I. INTRODUCTION

- Q. Please state your name and business address.
 - A. My name is Nicole Horseherder. I am the Executive Director of Tó Nizhóní Ání. My business address is P.O. Box 483, Kykotsmovi, Arizona 86039.
- Q. Did you file direct testimony in this case?
- A. Yes, I filed direct testimony on October 2, 2020, on behalf of the San Juan Citizens Alliance, Tó Nizhóní Ání, and Diné CARE--collectively, the "Citizen Groups." ¹

Mike Eisenfeld, the Climate Program Manager of the San Juan Citizens Alliance, also filed direct testimony on behalf of the Citizen Groups,² as did David Schlissel of the Institute for Energy Economics and Financial Analysis.³

- Q. Why did the Citizen Groups intervene in this proceeding?
- A. The core position of the Citizen Groups since we first began intervening in proceedings before the Arizona Corporation Commission (ACC) three years ago has been to ensure that Arizona Public Service (APS) and any other entities that have benefited from the operation of coal-fired power plants and mines acknowledge and fulfill their obligations to provide support to the people of the Navajo Nation and other impacted communities as they decide to close and retire these facilities.

¹ Direct Testimony of Nicole Horseherder in Docket No. E-01345A-19-0236 (Oct. 2, 2020), available at https://docket.images.azcc.gov/E000009356.pdf.

² Direct Testimony of Mike Eisenfeld in Docket No. E-01345A-19-0236 (Oct. 2, 2020), available at https://docket.images.azcc.gov/E000009355.pdf.

³ Direct Testimony of David Schlissel in Docket No. E-01345A-19-0236 (Oct. 2, 2020), available at https://docket.images.azcc.gov/E000009351.pdf.

Power plants and mines are often the largest employers in a community, and they serve as one of the largest sources of municipal, county, and tribal tax revenue, providing core funding for emergency and social services and school districts. When plants and mines are shuttered, the economic disruptions are painful, resulting most immediately and directly in heavy job losses and precipitous drops in tax revenue. But because prosperity is so often linked directly to plant and mine operations, closures also force a longer-term economic reckoning about the kinds of businesses and industries that will help communities survive beyond coal. That kind of rebuilding cannot happen overnight. It requires years of planning and significant financial support.

In a Just and Equitable Transition, utilities and mining companies are held accountable to the communities that gave them so much in the name of supplying inexpensive electricity to ratepayers and profits to shareholders. A Just and Equitable Transition means communities that are economically dependent on coal are not left behind as power plants and mines close while the world shifts to cleaner energy sources. It means that those who have suffered the direct environmental and health impacts of nearby mining and coal combustion, as well as the significant loss of their primary water source, are compensated in ways that lead to basic improvements in their standard of living. And it means that utilities and mining companies must assist communities through financial and technical assistance in their transition to new modes of post-coal economic development.

In this rate case, we have submitted detailed testimony regarding the need for a Just and Equitable Transition as it relates to each of the three coal-fired power plants in

1		which APS has ownership - Navajo Generating Station (NGS), Four Corners Power		
2		Plant (FCPP) and Cholla Power Plant – and the communities that have been or will be		
3		harmed by their closures.		
4	Q.	What	is the	purpose of your surrebuttal testimony?
5		A.	The p	ourpose of my surrebuttal testimony is to:
6			1.	Describe two recent ACC decisions establishing precedent regarding the
7				utility obligation for Just and Equitable Transition;
8			2.	Describe APS's acknowledgement in this proceeding that it has
9				responsibility for the Just and Equitable Transition of communities
10				impacted by the closure of NGS, FCPP and the Cholla Power Plant;
1			3.	Support the Just and Equitable Transition package that APS put forward
12				in its rebuttal testimony; and
13			3.	Support the Advanced Energy Mechanism (AEM) as the financial
14				mechanism by which to secure necessary funding to implement key
15				components of the Just and Equitable Transition package.
16 17	п.	ESTA	BLIS	RIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION DECISIONS H PRECEDENT FOR THE UTILITY OBLIGATION FOR JUST TABLE TRANSITION.
18	Q.	Please	e desci	ribe the first of two recent ACC decisions recognizing a utility
19		obliga	ation f	or Just and Equitable Transition.
20	A.	In a C	ommis	ssioner-initiated amendment to the APS 2020 Demand Side Management
21		Plan,4	appro	ved by the ACC in September 2020,5 the Commission directed APS to
22	0 5			
23				er Kennedy Proposed Amendment No. 5 in Docket No. E-01345A-19-
24	0088 (Sept. 18, 2020), available at https://docket.images.azcc.gov/E000009058.pdf . The amendment was approved in a 3-to-2 vote by Commissioners Sandra Kennedy, Lea			
25	Marquez Peterson, and Bob Burns. ⁵ See ACC Decision No. 77763 (Oct. 2, 2020), available at			
26	https://docket.images.azcc.gov/0000202208.pdf.			

1	develop and implement a Tribal Energy Efficiency Program. This program will be
2	supported annually with \$457,000 in "seed funding" from ratepayers to implement
3	energy efficiency projects for Navajo and Hopi communities "impacted by the closure
4	of coal-fired power plants that Arizona Public Service Company owns or operates,
5	including Navajo Generating Station, Four Corners Power Plant and Cholla Power
6	Plant." ⁷
7	
8	Commissioners ordered APS to implement this program "as part of its corporate
9	obligations to support a just and equitable transition of communities impacted by
10	early power plant closure."8
11	
12	Notably, this program was directed by Commissioners in response to a proposal
13	submitted in the APS 2020 Demand Side Management Plan proceeding by Tó
14	Nizhóni Ání, Diné CARE and the Black Mesa Trust. 9,10

Q. Did APS support Commission approval of the Tribal Energy Efficiency Program?

A. Yes it did. And in doing so, APS acknowledged its corporate obligation to assist impacted communities with Just and Equitable Transition related to the closures of NGS, FCPP, and the Cholla Power Plant.

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⁶ See ibid. page 39, Lines 1-2.

^{22 7} See ibid. page 38, Lines 12-14.

⁸ See ibid. page 38, Lines 8-9.

⁹ See Comments of Tó Nizhóni Ání, Diné CARE and the Black Mesa Trust on Staff's Recommended Opinion and Order on APS's 2020 Demand Side Management Plan in Docket No. E-01345A-19-0088 (Aug. 17, 2020), available at https://docket.images.azcc.gov/E000008452.pdf.

¹⁰ The Black Mesa Trust is a Hopi grassroots organization.

Q. Why is this decision precedent-setting?

A. In approving the measure, the Commission for the first time ever took official action recognizing that utilities and their ratepayers have a responsibility to provide funding and assistance to communities impacted by early coal power plant retirements.

Second, the Commission's directive specifically recognized that APS has responsibility for a Just and Equitable Transition of the three coal-fired power plants that it owns: NGS, FCPP and the Cholla Power Plant.

Third, funding for the Tribal Energy Efficiency Program will be collected from ratepayers through the Demand Side Management Adjustment Charge (DSMAC), which establishes the precedent that ratepayers must support Just and Equitable Transition and that an adjustor mechanism is an appropriate tool for the cost recovery of Just and Equitable Transition funds.

Finally, the Commission requested that the benefits intended for impacted tribal communities be made "effective immediately," underscoring the urgency of providing Just and Equitable Transition assistance.¹¹

¹¹ See Arizona Corporation Commission Press Release, "News Release: Commissioner Lea Márquez Peterson Applauds \$50 Million Energy Efficiency Package to Help Families, Nonprofits, Schools During COVID-19" (Sept. 30, 2020), available at https://www.azcc.gov/news/2020/09/30/commissioner-lea-m%C3%A1rquez-peterson-applauds-\$50-million-energy-efficiency-package-to-help-families-nonprofits-schools-during-covid-19.

- Q. Please describe the second of two recent ACC decisions recognizing a utility obligation for Just and Equitable Transition.
- A. In the energy rules approved by the Commission on November 13, 2020, affected utilities are required to develop integrated resource plans that "giv[e] preferential treatment to Renewable and Clean Energy Resources sited or deployed in Impacted Communities." ¹² The Commission also defined "Impacted Communities" to mean "cities, towns, counties, communities, tribes, census designated areas, and non-incorporated geographic areas that will be negatively affected, financially or socially, by the closure of Conventional Energy Resources or mining facilities, located in or near their jurisdictions, that have been a source of economic income and employment." ¹³

Q. Why is this decision precedent-setting?

A. This decision underscores the Commission's recognition that utilities and their ratepayers have a responsibility to assist communities impacted by early coal power plant closures. In particular, they have a responsibility to help these communities transition to clean energy economies by siting renewable and clean energy projects on the Navajo Nation and in other areas economically devastated by the early closures of coal plants and mines.

Q. What do you conclude?

A. Based on these two recent decisions, I conclude that the Commission has signaled its willingness to consider and approve the type of Just and Equitable Transition package

¹² See Arizona Corporation Commission Decision No. 77829 in Docket No. RU-00000A-18-0284 at page 63 (Nov. 23, 2020), available at https://docket.images.azcc.gov/0000202570.pdf (proposed A.A.C. R14-2-2708(C)(3)).

¹³ Ibid. page 51 (proposed A.A.C. R14-2-2701(48)).

provisions for the Navajo Nation and other coal-impacted communities that APS has proposed in its Rebuttal Testimony.

III. THE CITIZEN GROUPS SUPPORT ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY'S PROPOSED JUST AND EQUITABLE TRANSITION PACKAGE.

- Q. Does APS acknowledge a responsibility for the Just and Equitable Transition of communities impacted by the closure of coal-fired power plants?
- A. Yes it does. In his rebuttal testimony, APS Witness and Chief Executive Officer Jeff Guldner states that APS is "committed to making a transition to a clean energy future in a responsible manner, working closely with the affected communities to minimize impacts and help identify new opportunities." He acknowledges that the "closure of coal-fired power plants and the reduction in coal consumption will have a negative economic impact on ... communities whose economies are dependent upon those plants and mines," and that one of the communities to be "hardest hit economically" is the Navajo Nation. 16

Similarly, APS Witness and Senior Vice President of Public Policy Barbara

Lockwood acknowledges that APS's transition away from coal will have "an

economic impact on local communities that have relied on the operation of the plants
for employment, economic activity and tax revenues, and the Company is committed

See Rebuttal testimony of Jeff Guldner in Docket No. E-01345A-19-0236, page 10, lines 1-4 (Nov. 6, 2020), available at https://docket.images.azcc.gov/E000009981.pdf.
 Ibid. page 8, lines 22-26.

¹⁶ Ibid. page 9, lines 4-5.

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to assisting these communities in a transition away from reliance on coal plants." ¹⁷ She also states that "now is the right time to begin the process." 18

- Q. In acknowledgement of this responsibility, what has APS proposed for the Just and Equitable Transition of impacted Navajo communities?
- A. APS's Just and Equitable Transition package includes support for economic development on the Navajo Nation, support for the electrification of Navajo homes and businesses without electricity, renewable energy development on the Navajo Nation or in nearby communities, and a minimum of \$128.75 million in direct financial assistance to the Navajo Nation, of which \$23.75 million (or 18%) will be provided by APS shareholders. 19

Specifically, it includes:

- The solicitation of 600 MW of clean energy resources within the Navajo Nation or in nearby communities 20 ;
- \$2.5 million per year from APS shareholders to support transmission line development within the Navajo Nation beginning from the time that the FCPP closes, or 2032, whichever is earlier, through 2038, 21 for a minimum payment of \$17.5 million;
- A cash payment to the Navajo Nation of \$100 million, at approximately \$10 million per year over the next 10 years, collected from APS ratepayers²²;

¹⁷ See Rebuttal testimony of Barbara Lockwood in Docket No. E-01345A-19-0236, page 19, lines 7-20 (Nov. 6, 2020), available at https://docket.images.azcc.gov/E000009981.pdf.

¹⁸ Ibid. page 19, lines 19-20.

¹⁹ Ibid. pages 19-21.

²⁰ Ibid. page 21, lines 10-20.

²¹ Ibid. page 20 line 27 through page 21 line 2.

²² Ibid. page 20, lines 2-7.

- APS shareholder funding of \$250,000 per year over five years to fund the
 economic development efforts of an existing or future Navajo Nation economic
 development organization, beginning two years before the Company's
 operations at FCPP cease²³;
- \$10 million to support electrification projects within the Navajo Nation, including \$5 million from APS shareholders and \$5 million from APS ratepayers²⁴;
- A modification to APS's line extension policy (APS Service Schedule 3) to allow distribution lines to be extended up to 2,000 feet within the Navajo Nation at no cost to Navajo Nation applicants within the Company's service territory, 25 with the potential for this distance to be increased to up to 4,000 feet based on a census of unelectrified Navajo homes and businesses 26;
- Assistance to help the Navajo Nation secure water rights associated with FCPP and the Navajo Mine²⁷;
- Support from APS to help the Nation and other coalitions seek Just and Equitable Transition funding from other sources, including the federal government and the other owners of NGS, FCPP and the Cholla Power Plant²⁸; and

²³ Ibid. page 20, lines 9-13.

²⁴ Ibid. page 20, lines 22-25.

²⁵ Ibid. page 20, lines 14-25.

²⁶ Ibid. page 20, lines 14-25.

²⁷ Ibid. page 22, lines 11-18.

²⁸ Ibid. page 22, lines 19-25.

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 Redeployment offers within the APS organization to all APS employees impacted by the closure of FCPP at least six months prior to the closure of the plant.²⁹

Q. Does APS's Just and Equitable Transition proposal include assistance for other impacted communities?

- A. Yes it does. With respect to the Hopi Tribe, APS proposes \$3.7 million in direct financial assistance to be paid over five years, with \$0.35 million to be funded by APS shareholders. 30 Related to the closure of the Cholla Power Plant, APS proposes:
 - \$12 million in direct financial assistance for the Navajo County Communities
 (Navajo County General Fund, Northland Pioneer College and Joseph Unified
 School District) to be paid over five years, with \$1.1 million to be funded by
 shareholders³¹; and
 - Redeployment offers within the APS organization to all APS employees impacted by the closure of the Cholla Power Plant at least six months prior to the closure of the plant.³²

Q. Is APS's Just and Equitable Transition proposal in line with similar utility proposals for Just and Equitable Transition?

A. Yes. As evidenced by the numerous examples provided in the Citizen Groups' direct testimony,³³ there is a strong and clear trend of utilities stepping up to meet their moral responsibilities to assist communities that they have profited from for decades. This proposal is consistent with that trend.

²⁹ Ibid. page 23, lines 1-5.

³⁰ Ibid. page 24, lines 14-27.

³¹ Ibid. page 24, lines 14-23.

³² Ibid. page 24, lines 14-23.

³³ See Direct testimony of Nicole Horseherder in Docket No. E-01345A-19-0236, pages 28, 31-33 (Oct. 2, 2020), available at https://docket.images.azcc.gov/E000009356.pdf

Q. Does the Navajo Nation support APS's Just and Equitable Transition proposal?

- A. Yes it does. As described in the rebuttal testimony of APS Witnesses Guldner and Lockwood, the Just and Equitable Transition package was developed in consultation with Navajo Nation representatives. 34 These discussions were held to develop a package that is responsive to the impacts and needs of Navajo communities. 35
- Q. Do the Citizen Groups support APS's Just and Equitable Transition proposal?
- A. Yes, we do.

However, we note that it is unfortunate that Just and Equitable Transition support did not come sooner given the fact that NGS closed down a year ago, and the Plant's owners knew as early as February 2017 that retirement was coming. The delay in getting to this point has caused unnecessary economic hardship for the Navajo Nation, the Hopi Tribe, and other coal-impacted communities.

This proposal is an effort to finally begin addressing long overdue harms. That being said, we view the dollar amount offered as significantly below what is *truly* needed to support the Just and Equitable Transition of Navajo communities that have fueled APS's success. However, the Navajo Nation's support of APS's offer is something we cannot ignore. Thus, we recognize and support the overall package as proposed.

Relatedly, we will hold APS accountable to its promise to support our efforts to secure Just and Equitable Transition assistance from other entities, including the federal government and the other principals of NGS, FCPP and the Cholla Power

³⁴ See Rebuttal testimony of Jeff Guldner, page 9, lines 1 -12; and Rebuttal testimony of Barbara Lockwood, page 19, line 21 through page 20, line 2.

³⁵ See Rebuttal testimony of Barbara Lockwood, page 19, line 21 through page 20, line 2.

Plant: Tucson Electric Power, Salt River Project (SRP), NV Energy, the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, Central Arizona Project, PacifiCorp, the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power, and Public Service of New Mexico.

- Q. Do you have other thoughts on Just and Equitable Transition that you would like to share?
- A. Yes. It is absolutely critical that a definitive retirement date for FCPP occurs no later than 2031. The continued operation of FCPP presents a barrier to Just and Equitable Transition for our communities. We do not support the operation of FCPP beyond APS's 2031 exit date from coal.

Our communities have been through the economic turmoil of closure decisions with little notice before with the retirement of NGS. Despite the 2017 announcement that NGS would retire at the end of 2019, SRP entertained offers by other companies to buy and operate NGS for a full two years past the retirement announcement. This created a significant obstacle to the Nation's transition to a post-coal economy. It created false hope and prevented a more aggressive move to clean energy – a move that is critical for addressing our water crisis. Because of this failure, Navajo efforts to begin transitioning away from coal are more than two years behind where they should be and 50 years behind the rest of the country in water infrastructure development. We do not want and cannot afford to see the Navajo Nation and its enterprises continue to invest in energy where there is no market. To that end, while APS may not officially be able to set a retirement date for FCPP, we are seeking its commitment to work cooperatively, creatively, and constructively with us on ways to ensure that FCPP retires when APS determines the plant's useful economic life is over,

absolutely no later than 2031 and most likely before that.³⁶ Similarly, we would like to continue working with APS on avenues to ensure that the exit of APS from FCPP results in the retirement of the plant and does not open the door to its continued operation past 2031 by any other entity.

We would also like to work with APS to ensure that any transmission capacity freed up by the retirement of the FCPP is dedicated solely to clean energy and does not allow for replacement power to come from coal resources, which would delay the Nation's transition beyond coal. The continued operation of coal plants means the continued use of Navajo water for industrial use. This further delays the economic development and water delivery needed in Navajo communities.

Q. What do you conclude?

 A. The Commission should approve all components of APS's proposed Just and Equitable Transition package without delay.

IV. THE CITIZEN GROUPS SUPPORT THE ADVANCED ENERGY MECHANISM AS THE MECHANISM TO FUND THE JUST AND EQUITABLE TRANSITION PACKAGE.

Q. How will the Just and Equitable Transition proposal be funded?

 A.

shareholder and ratepayer support. Ratepayer funding would be recovered through the Advanced Energy Mechanism proposed by APS.

The Just and Equitable Transition package, as proposed by APS, will be funded with

³⁶ See generally Direct Testimony of David Schlissel in Docket No. E-01345A-19-0236 (Oct. 2, 2020), available at https://docket.images.azcc.gov/E000009351.pdf; see also Direct Testimony of Mike Eisenfeld in Docket No. E-01345A-19-0236, pages 15-22 (Oct. 2, 2020), available at https://docket.images.azcc.gov/E000009355.pdf.

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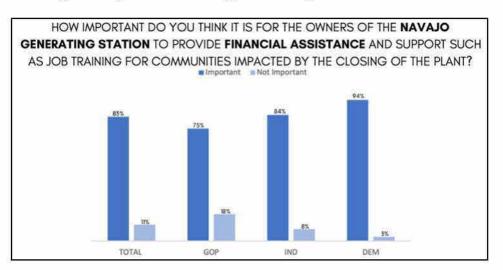
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- Q. Do the Citizen Groups support the Advanced Energy Mechanism as the mechanism to recover ratepayers funds for the Just and Equitable Transition package?
- A. Yes we do.

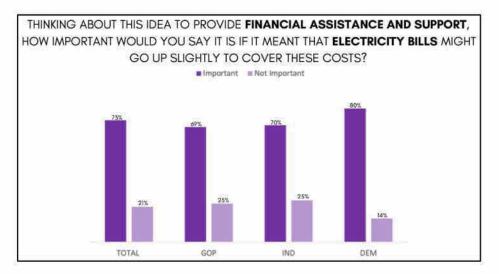
However, our support comes with the caveat that APS must strive to minimize the financial impact to its customers. We know from our experience working in New Mexico that securitization provides a mechanism for utilities like APS to recover undepreciated assets while also creating financial resources for just transition and potentially lowering actual rates – all at the same time. We hope that a securitization framework can be developed and implemented in Arizona to mitigate ratepayer cost impacts, and we would welcome the opportunity to participate in any process aimed at codifying a securitization framework.

- Q. Is there prior Commission precedent for funding Just and Equitable Transition initiatives with ratepayer dollars through an adjustment mechanism?
- A. Yes there is. As I previously testified, the Tribal Energy Efficiency Program approved by the Commission in September will be funded with ratepayer money collected through the DSMAC. APS's proposed AEM will consolidate several adjustor mechanisms including the DSMS over time.
- Q. Do Arizonans support funding for just and equitable transition?
- A. Yes. According to a 2019 statewide poll directed by the Arizona PIRG Education Fund and conducted by WPA Intelligence, a conservative pollster based in Washington D.C., more than eight-in-ten respondents (83%) said it is "very" (56%) or "somewhat" (27%) important that the owners of the Navajo Generating Station

provide financial assistance and support such as job training to communities impacted by the closing of the plant.³⁷ This support was bipartisan.



Additionally, more than seven-in-ten respondents (73%) said it is "very" (29%) or "somewhat" (44%) important to provide financial assistance and support such as job training to communities impacted by the closing of the plant even if it meant electricity bills possibly would go up slightly to cover such costs.



³⁷ WAP Intelligence, Arizona PIRG Education Fund Energy Poll (Jan. 2019), available at https://arizonapirg.org/sites/pirg/files/resources/Poll%20-%20Energy%202-19.pdf.

1	Q.	What do you conclude?
2	A.	The Commission should approve the Advanced Energy Mechanism without delay
3	v.	CONCLUSION
4	Q.	Does this conclude your testimony?
5	a.	Yes.
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